

Progression in Vocabulary – Milestone 3



During Year 5 and Year 6, children should be able to appropriately use and apply the words they have learned during KS1 and lower KS2. Over the course of the year, they should become familiar with the following additional words, in the context of the places, topics and concepts being studied. Topics covered: *Earthquakes, Zones and Volcanoes, Farming through the Ages, Land of the Free (North and South), Rich and Poor*

Place names	Geographical terms and processes	Locational terms
Athens	administrative centre	altitude
Austria	aerial view	epicentre
Belgium	aftershock	height above sea level
Berlin	alpine	map reference
Bucharest	ash cloud	offshore
Croatia	avalanche	plate boundary
Czech Republic (Czechia)	border	16 point compass terms (e.g. North-North-
East of England	built environment	West, West-North-West, etc.)
East Midlands	cliff face	
Etna	climate change	
European Union	coastline	
Everest	congestion	
Great Britain	consultation	
Greater London	core	
Greece	crater	
Haiti	crust	
Hawaii	currency	
Himalayas	developer	
Iceland	development	
Inverness	disaster	
Kilimanjaro	dome mountains	
Lisbon	dormant	
London Array		
Macedonia	economy	
	energy source	
Malta	eruption	
Madrid Maditamanaan Caa	fault line	
Mediterranean Sea	fault-block mountains	
Mount Elbrus	finance	
Mount Snowdon	fire mountains (volcanoes)	
Mount St Helens	fold mountains	
Nepal	geothermal	
The Netherlands	global warming	
North East England	green belt	
North West England	greenhouse gases	
Oxford	hill	
Pacific Ring of Fire	hydroelectric power	
Pakistan	international	
Paris	landform	
Popocatépetl	landmark	
Poland	landslide	
Portugal	lava	
Romania	magma	
Rome	mantle	
Scafell Pike	massif	
Scottish Highlands	migrant	
Sheffield	national	
Sicily	nuclear power	
Slieve Donard	peak	
Somalia	planning	
South East England	plate	
South West England	power station	
Syria	refugee	
Tanzania	renewable energy	
Ukraine	Richter Scale	
Vesuvius	ridge	
Vinson Massif	scree	
Warsaw	service industry	
West Midlands	slope	
Yorkshire and the Humber	solar power	
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UK- main cities, counties and regions	suburb
	summit
	sustainable development
	tectonic
	tidal power
	tremor
	tropical
	tsunami
	vegetation belt
	vent
	warehouse
	wind farm
	wind power
	wind turbine

Glossary

border: A line that separates two countries. You may need a passport to pass from one country to the other development: how places and communities change dome mountains: mountains formed by magma pushing upwards, but without a volcanic eruption domant: a dormant volcano is one, like Kilimanjaro, that has not erupted for a long time economy: the wealth and resources of a place epicentre: where an earthquake starts and is felt most strongly European Union: a group of countries in Europe that co-operate on trade and many other aspects of life fault-block mountains: mountains formed by parts of a broken plate being forced upwards fire mountains: mountains formed by volcanic eruptions fold mountains: mountains formed by the earth's plates pushing together industry: the production of goods (such as cars) or services (such as tourism or entertainment) scale bar: a line that shows how many kilometres there would be in the real world for every centimetre on a map sustainable development: change that respects the natural environment and doesn't harm future generations tsunami: a huge, powerful wave caused by an earthquake