Key Learning in Mathematics – Year 1

Number – number and place value Number - addition and subtraction **Number – multiplication and division** • Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving Recall and use doubles of all numbers to 10 and corresponding halves • Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by or 1, or from any given number addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs • Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens • Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial Read and write numbers to 100 in numerals within 20 representations and arrays with the support of the teacher Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including • Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words zero (using concrete objects and pictorial representations) • Begin to recognise the place value of numbers beyond 20 (tens and Measurement Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, ones) • Measure and begin to record: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing • Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial - lengths and heights, using non-standard and then manageable number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$ representations including the number line standard units (m/cm) • Use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, - mass/weight, using non-standard and then manageable standard least units (kg/g) • Given a number, identify one more and one less - capacity and volume using non-standard and then manageable Recognise and create repeating patterns with numbers, objects and standard units (litres/ml) shapes - time (hours/minutes/seconds) • Identify odd and even numbers linked to counting in twos from 0 and 1 within children's range of counting competence • Solve problems and practical problems involving all of the above Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, **Number – fractions Geometry – properties of shapes** tall/short, double/half) • Understand that a fraction can describe part of a whole Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including rectangles - mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) (including squares), circles and triangles • Understand that a unit fraction represents one equal part of a whole - capacity and volume (for example, full/empty, more than, less than, • Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including cuboids • Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an half, half full, quarter) (including cubes), pyramids and spheres object shape or quantity (including measure) - time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later) • Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the object, shape or quantity (including measure) **Geometry - position and direction** week, weeks, months and years Describe movement, including whole, half, guarter and three-guarter Sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, Recognise and create repeating patterns with objects and shapes morning, afternoon and evening Describe position and direction • Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins **Statistics** and notes • Sort objects, numbers and shapes to a given criterion and their own Present and interpret data in block diagrams using practical • Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category

Ask and answer questions by comparing categorical data